

I/A Series[®] Hardware Control Processor 10 275 Block Software



The Control Processor 10 (CP10) is an optionally fault-tolerant station which, together with connected Fieldbus Modules (FBMs), performs regulatory, logic, timing, and sequential control. It also performs data acquisition and alarm detection and notification.

Process variables are controlled using time-proven algorithms (mathematical computations performing specific functions), including the EXACT (EXpert Adaptive Controller Tuning) algorithm. The algorithms are contained in functional control blocks, which are configured by on-site process engineers to implement the desired control strategies.

The versatility of the algorithms, coupled with the variety of Fieldbus Modules available, provides control capabilities suited to a broad range of process control applications. Control strategies ranging from simple feedback and cascade control to highly sophisticated feedforward, nonlinear, and complex characterization control schemes are readily implemented.

Specific functions performed by the CP10 are listed in Table 1. For a detailed description of the various block types, refer to the Product Specification Sheet, "Integrated Control Software."

Display and adjustment of control parameters are implemented through operator interface devices (video monitors, keyboards, touchscreens, etc.) in the I/A Series system. The control processor interacts with these devices by communicating with the workstation processors and/or application processors to which they are connected. Communication takes place via the Nodebus, and via a higher-level Local Area Network (LAN), if implemented. Various other system stations also communicate with each other over these links.



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Input/Output	Alarm
AIN - Analog Input	ALMPRI - Alarm Priority Change
AOUT - Analog Output	BLNALM - Boolean Alarm
CIN - Contact Input	MEALM - Measurement Alarm
COUT - Contact Output	PATALM - Pattern Alarm
MAIN - Multiple Analog Input	REALM - Real Alarm
MCIN - Multiple Contact Input MCOUT - Multiple Contact Output	Miscellaneous
Control	PLB - Programmable Logic Block
ACCUM - Accumulator	Ontional
BIAS - Bias Computation	DSL Banal Diaplay Station Interface (DB10)
CALC - Calculator	AMSSEC Cas Chromatograph Secondary
CHARC - Characterizer	AMOSEC - Gas Chromatograph Secondary
DGAP - Differential Gap	Window Equipment Control Blocks
DIME - Deau Time	AMSPRI - Gas Chromatograph
	ECB13 - Hydrostatic Tank Gauge
PID - Proportional Integral Derivative	ECB18 - Intelligent Transmitter
PIDE - PID with EXACT Tuning	ECB22 - Mass Flow Transmitter
PIDX - PID Extended	Fauinment Control Blocks
PIDXE - PID Extended, with EXACT Tuning	ECB01 - Analog Input
PTC - Proportional Time Control	ECB02 - Analog Input & Analog Output
RAMP - Multi-Ramp Sequence	ECB02 - Analog Milated Analog Output
RATIO - Ratio Computation	ECB05 - Digital In, Sustained/ Momentary, Digital Out
SIGSEL - Signal Selector	ECB06 - Sequence of Events Input
SWCH - Switch Position Selector	ECB07 - Digital In & Pulse Count Input
Sequence	ECB08 - Ladder Logic - OR - dc Out/Validated Input
DED Dependent	ECB09 - Remote/Manual Station (Analog I/O,Digital I/O)
EXC Exception	ECB11 - Reserved for Primary FBM
IND Independent	ECB12 - Parent ECB for Window ECB18
MON - Monitor	ECB12 - Multibaud FBM43
TIM - Timer	ECB14 - Panel Mounted Display
	ECB23 - Multibaud FBM44
Motor	ECB34 - MDACT Feedback Tri-State
GDEV - General Device	ECB36 - MDACT PWM Tri-State
MDACT - Motor Driven Actuator Controller	
MTR - Motor Controller	
MOVLV - Motor-Operated Valve	
VLV - Valve On/Off Controller	

Table 1. Control Functions

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

IPC Connections

Memory Allocation for Blocks 180 Kb (275 Blocks at 650 Bytes, average)*

Number of FBMs Supported 48 (excluding Expansion Modules)

Minimum Block Processing Cycle (BPC) 100 ms

Configurable Block Periods 0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1, 2, 5, 10, 30 seconds 1, 10, 60 minutes

Basic Processing Cycle 0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1.0, or 2.0 seconds, selectable at system configuration time Object Manager (OM) Lists (Maximum) 50

Block Executions Per Second 150 Blocks/Second, Typical

Memory Allocation for OM Scanner Points 10 K Bytes*

Sequence Block Size 10 K Bytes Maximum for Each Block

* 190 K Bytes of memory are shared between blocks and OM scanner points. OM scanner memory utilization may be increased beyond 10 K Bytes if block memory is correspondingly reduced.

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